Protein Sources

Poultry

3 oz = 25g pro



Chicken Cornish Hen Turkey **Ground Turkey**

Eggs



1 egg = 6gEgg substitute (1/4 cup) = 6g

Fish

3 oz = 21g pro



Flounder Mahi Mahi Redfish Mackerel Sea Bass Snapper Trout Tuna Catfish Cod

Salmon

Tilapia

Shellfish

3 oz = 18g pro



Lobster Shrimp Crab Mussels Oysters Crawfish Clams Scallops

Lean Meats

3 oz = 25g pro



Beef Pork Lamb Veal Venison Elk **Buffalo**

Deli Meats

3 oz = 15g pro



Roast Beef Pastrami Ham Turkey Chicken Canadian bacon

Dairy

Milk (1cup) = 8 gDried milk (1/3 cup) = 8 gFair life milk (1cup) = 13 g Plain Yogurt (6oz) = 8 g

Greek yogurt (6oz) = 16 g

Hard cheese (1oz) = 7 g

Soft cheese (1oz) = 6 g

Cottage Cheese (1/4cup) = 7g

Soy

Soy milk (1cup) = 5-7gTofu (1/4 cup) = 10gTempeh (1/4cup) = 15gTVP (1/4cup) = 12g







Starches with some protein

Beans (1/4 cup) = 6 gOatmeal (1/4 cup) = 5 gWheat germ (2Tbsp) = 4 gBulgur (1/4cup) = 3 gQuinoa (1/4 cup) = 4.5 g





Other

Veggie burger (1patty) = 10g Veggie sausage (2 links) = 9g Turkey Jerky (1oz) = 12gProtein bars/shakes = >15 g









Meeting Protein Needs

Daily Protein Needs: 70-100 grams

Each meal should include 20-30 g of protein (size of a deck of cards).

Protein is extremely important for healing after surgery, maintaining muscle, preventing hair loss, and preventing hunger between meals. Eat protein **FIRST** at all meals and snacks.

Protein Tips:

- Look for **LEAN** options on the label: ground lean, tenderloin, tip, loin, sirloin, round, flank, roast, chop, shank, cutlet, shoulder, 90/10, 93/7, and 97/3.
- Choose: baked, broiled, braised, grilled, seared, smoked, steamed, and pressed. AVOID FRIED!
- Add meat, poultry, fish, soy/tofu and eggs to veggies, soups, and salads.
- Use **plain Greek yogurt or cottage cheese** instead of mayo, sour cream, cream cheese, and heavy cream in tuna salad, egg salad, chicken salad, dips, soups, sauces, and hot cereals.
- Add **non-fat dry milk powder or unflavored protein powder** to sauces, soups, sugar-free pudding, low-sugar yogurt, and hot cereals.

Meeting Fluid/Hydration Needs

Daily Fluid Needs: 64 oz of sugar free/decaffeinated fluids daily

This goal may be different for you if you are on a provider-recommended fluid restriction.

Maintaining proper hydration is important to prevent dehydration. Dehydration is the loss of body water and is a risk for you, especially during the first few months following surgery and in the warm months.

Dehydration Symptoms:

- Nausea
- Sluggishness
- Constipation
- Lightheadedness
- Muscle cramps
- Dark-colored urine
- Urinating < 4 times/day
- Small amount of urine
- Strong feeling of thirst and/or dry mouth (often occurs too late)

Tips to maintain proper hydration:

- Drink fluids all throughout the day
- Try to get at least ½ cup to 1 cup (4-8 oz) of fluid each hour
- · Always keep fluids with you
- Always sip slowly and avoid straws
- Drink more on hot days and when exercising
- Never leave home without your water bottle!
- No carbonated beverages
- No sugar-sweetened beverages
- Be calorie-conscious
- Limit caffeinated drinks to 2 cups per day



